

Safety Data Sheet OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200. Prepared to GHS Rev 3.

Revision date: 09.20.2021, Rev. 1 Date of issue: 03.10.2015

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Trade name: DomCool SS 378 LF

SECTION 1: Identification

Product identifier: DomCool SS 378 LF.

Synonyms: None available.

Product Code Number: FG04003. **SDS number:** PPT020

Recommended use: Metal Working Fluid.

Recommended restrictions: None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information:

Company Name: Parent Petroleum Inc.
Company Address: 1775 Mallette Rd

Aurora, IL 60505

Company Telephone: Office hours (Mon – Fri)

8.00am - 4:00pm (CST)

(630) 584-2505

Company Contact Name: Main Office.

Emergency phone number: CHEMTREC 24 HOUR EMERGENCY

NUMBER: (800) 424 9300.

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the chemical in accordance with paragraph (d) of §1910.1200:

Physical hazards

Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria

Health hazards

Skin irritation (Category 2), H315.

Skin sensitizer (Category 1), H317.

Eye irritation (Category 2A), H319.

Reproductive toxicity, Category 2

Environmental hazards

Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria

GHS Signal word: WARNING.

GHS Hazard statement(s): Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

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Causes serious eye irritation.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

GHS Hazard symbol(s):





GHS Precautionary statement(s):

Prevention: Avoid breathing dust/fume/ gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of

the workplace.

Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

Response: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing.

Specific treatment (see instructions on this label as

required).

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical

advice/attention.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Storage: None required.

Disposal: Dispose of contents/containers to an appropriate

treatment and disposal facility in accordance with

applicable laws and regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise

Classified (HNOC): None known.

Percentage of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity:

18% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute toxicity (oral/dermal/inhalation).

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture:

Chemical name	Concentration (weight %)	CAS#
Chlorinated Paraffin	5 – 10%	63449-39-8
Proprietary amide	5 – 10%	Proprietary
Ethanolamines	1 - 5%	141-43-5
Hexahydro-1, 3, 5-tris(2 hydroxyethyl)-s-triazine	1 – 5%	4719-04-4
Triazole	< 1.0 %	Proprietary

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret due to the proprietary nature of one of the components.

Note: The balance of the ingredients are not classified as hazardous under the criteria of the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 4: First-aid Measures

Inhalation: If inhaled, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and wash skin with soap and water. Wash clothing before reuse.

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention promptly, preferably an ophthalmologist, urgently.

Ingestion: If ingested, give at least two glasses of milk or water and induce vomiting, unless the patient is unconscious. Call a physician.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed: Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause harm to breast-fed children.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed: The hazards of this material are mainly due to its irritant properties on the skin and mucosal surfaces. There is no specific antidote and treatment should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media: Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or water spray is recommended.

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Unsuitable extinguishing media: No data available.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

Burning can produce carbon monoxide and/or carbon dioxide, hydrogen chloride and nitrogen oxides.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters: For fires beyond the initial stage, emergency responders in the immediate hazard area should wear protective clothing. When the potential chemical hazard is unknown, in enclosed or confined spaces, a self-contained breathing apparatus should be worn. In addition, wear other appropriate protective equipment as conditions warrant (see Section 8).

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Cool equipment exposed to fire with water, if it can be done safely.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Stay upwind and away from spill/release. Avoid direct contact with liquid and vapors. For large spillages, notify persons downwind of the spill/release, isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Wear appropriate protective equipment, including respiratory protection, as conditions warrant (see Section 8). See Sections 2 and 7 for additional information on hazards and precautionary measures.

Environmental Precautions: Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems, and natural waterways. Use water sparingly to minimize environmental contamination and reduce disposal requirements. If spill occurs on water notify appropriate authorities and advise shipping of any hazard.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. Immediate cleanup of any spill is recommended. Dike far ahead of spill for later recovery or disposal. Absorb spill with inert material such as sand or vermiculite, and place in suitable container for disposal. If spilled on water remove with appropriate methods (e.g. skimming, booms or absorbents). In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil for remediation or disposal, in accordance with local regulations. Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however local conditions and regulations may influence or limit the choice of appropriate actions to be taken. See Section 13 for information on appropriate disposal.

SECTION 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling: Use with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Do not breathe vapors or mists. Use good personal hygiene practices and wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

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Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibles: Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Store only in approved containers. Keep away from any incompatible material (see Section 10). Protect container(s) against physical damage.

"Empty" containers retain residue and may be dangerous. "Empty" drums should be completely drained, properly bunged, and promptly shipped to the supplier or a drum reconditioner. All containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control Parameters:

Occupational exposure limits:

US OSHA HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS (29 CFR 1910.1200): Permissible Exposure Limits			
Substance	PEL-TWA (8 hour)	PEL-STEL (15 min)	
Chlorinated paraffin	No data available	No data available	
Proprietary amide	No data available	No data available	
Ethanolamines	3 ppm (6 mg/m ³)	No data available	
Hexahydro-1, 3, 5-tris(2 hydroxyethyl)-s-triazine	No data available	No data available	
Triazole	No data available	No data available	

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values		
Substance	TLV-TWA (8 hour)	TLV-STEL (15 min)
Chlorinated paraffin	No data available	No data available
Proprietary amide	No data available	No data available
Ethanolamines	3 ppm	6 ppm
Hexahydro-1, 3, 5-tris(2 hydroxyethyl)-s-triazine	No data available	No data available
Triazole	No data available	No data available

NIOSH Exposure Limits			
Substance	TWA	STEL	
Chlorinated paraffin	No data available	No data available	
Proprietary amide	No data available	No data available	
Ethanolamines	3 ppm (8 mg/m ³)	6 ppm (15 mg/m ³)	
Hexahydro-1, 3, 5-tris(2	No data available	No data available	

hydroxyethyl)-s-triazine		
Triazole	No data available	No data available

Appropriate engineering controls: General (mechanical) room ventilation is expected to be adequate. Special local ventilation is suggested at points where vapors can be expected to escape to the workplace air.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment:

Eye/face protection: The use of eye protection, such as monogoggles, that meets or exceeds ANSI Z.87.1 is recommended to protect against potential eye contact, irritation, or injury.

Skin and Hand protection: The use of gloves impervious to the specific material handled is advised to prevent skin contact. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. Recommended glove type – PVC coated or butyl gloves.

Respiratory protection: Self-contained breathing apparatus in high vapor concentrations. A respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. Air purifying respirators provide limited protection and cannot be used in atmospheres that exceed the maximum use concentration (as directed by regulation or the manufacturer's instructions), in oxygen deficient (less than 19.5 percent oxygen) situations, or under conditions that are immediately dangerous to life and health (IDLH).

Other: Eye wash and quick-drench shower facilities should be available in the work area. Chemical aprons should be used.

Thermal hazards: No data available.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state:

Form:

Color:

Liquid

Liquid

Clear blue

Odor: Soap / Mild smell
Odor threshold: No data available

pH: 9.4 @ 20:1

Melting point/freezing point: No data available

Initial Boiling Point/Range: 212 °F

Flash point:

Evaporation rate:

None – contains water

No data available

Flammability (solid, gas):

Not applicable

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit – lower %):
Flammability limit – upper (%):
Explosive limit – lower (%):
No data available

Specific gravity: 1.00 **Solubility in water:** Soluble

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): No data available
Auto-ignition temperature:

No data available
Decomposition temperature:

No data available
Viscosity:

No data available

Other information:

% Volatile by volume: < 10%

Pour Point: No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: Not chemically reactive.

Chemical stability: Stable under normal ambient and anticipated

conditions of use.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Hazardous reactions not anticipated.

Conditions to avoid: No data available.

Incompatible materials: Avoid contamination with strong acids, strong bases,

strong oxidizing agents, aldehydes, ketones, acrylates,

organic anhydrides and organic halides.

Hazardous decomposition Products: Burning can produce carbon monoxide and/or carbon

dioxide, hydrogen chloride and nitrogen oxides.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure:

Inhalation: Mists and vapors formed from heated solutions may

be irritating and cause coughing and discomfort in the

nose, throat and chest.

Ingestion: Signs and symptoms may include pain or discomfort

in the mouth, chest and abdomen, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, dizziness, drowsiness, faintness, weakness,

collapse and coma.

Skin: Brief contact may cause minimal irritation, seen as

mild local redness. Prolonged contact, as with clothing wetted with the material, may cause more severe irritation seen as local redness and swelling.

Eyes: May cause irritation, seen as excess redness and

swelling of the conjunctiva.

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Symptoms related to the physical, chemical, and toxicological characteristics: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Delayed and immediate effects and chronic effects from short or long-term exposure: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Acute toxicity:

Ingredient Information:

Substance	Test Type (species)	Value
Chlorinated	LD ₅₀ Oral (Rat)	> 21500 uL/kg
paraffin	LD ₅₀ Dermal (Rabbit)	> 10 mL/kg
pararriii	LC ₅₀ Inhalation (Rat)	No data available
	LD ₅₀ Oral (Rat)	4765 mg/kg
Proprietary amide	LD ₅₀ Dermal (Rabbit)	No data available
	LC ₅₀ Inhalation (Rat)	No data available
	LD ₅₀ Oral (Rat)	1720 mg/kg
Ethanolamines	LD ₅₀ Oral (Mouse)	700 mg/kg
Emanorammes	LD ₅₀ Dermal (Rabbit)	1 mL/kg
	LC ₅₀ Inhalation (Mouse)	$> 2420 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ (2h)}$
Hexahydro-1, 3, 5-	LD ₅₀ Oral (Rat)	763 mg/kg
tris(2	LD ₅₀ Dermal (Rabbit)	> 2000 mg/kg
hydroxyethyl)-s- triazine (78.5%)	LC ₅₀ Inhalation (Rat)	No data available
	LD ₅₀ Oral (Rat)	3400 mg/kg
Triazole	LD ₅₀ Dermal (Rabbit)	> 2000 mg/kg
	LC ₅₀ Inhalation (Rat)	No data available

Product Acute Toxicity Estimates:

Acute Oral Toxicity – no data available Acute Dermal Toxicity - no data available Acute Inhalation Toxicity - no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation: Brief contact may cause minimal irritation, seen as

mild local redness. Prolonged contact, as with clothing wetted with the material, may cause more severe irritation seen as local redness and swelling. .

Serious eye damage/eye irritation: May cause irritation, seen as excess redness and

swelling of the conjunctiva.

Respiratory sensitization: No information available.

Skin sensitization: No information available on the mixture, however

one of the components has been classified for skin

sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity: No information available on the mixture, however

none of the components have been classified for Germ cell mutagenicity (or are below the concentration threshold for classification).

Carcinogenicity: No information available on the mixture, however

none of the components have been classified for carcinogenicity (or are below the concentration

threshold for classification).

Reproductive toxicity: This product is suspected of damaging fertility or the

unborn child via oral route.

Specific target organ toxicity-

Single exposure: Not expected to cause organ effects from single

exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity-

Repeat exposure: Not expected to cause organ effects from repeated

exposure.

Aspiration hazard: No information available on the mixture, however

none of the components have been classified for Aspiration hazard (or are below the concentration

threshold for classification).

Further information: No data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity:

Product data: No data available

Ingredient Information:

Substance	Test Type	Species	Value
	LC ₅₀	Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)	> 300 mg/L (24h)
Chlorinated paraffin		Lepomis macrochirus (bluegill)	> 300 mg/L (24h)
	LC ₅₀	Invertebrate	No data available
	EC ₅₀	Algae	No data available
Proprietary amide	LC ₅₀	Fish Carassius auratus (goldfish)	1100 mg/L (24h)
	LC ₅₀	Invertebrate Daphnid	130 mg/L(48h)
	EC ₅₀	Green Algae	91 mg/L (96h)

	LC ₅₀	Fish	3438 mg/L (96h)
Ethanolamines	LC_{50}	Invertebrate Daphnid	159 mg/L (48h)
	EC ₅₀	Green Algae	86.43 mg/L (96h)
Hexahydro-1, 3, 5-	LC50	Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss	LC50 - > 119 ppm
tris(2	2000	(rainbow trout)	(96h)
hydroxyethyl)-s-	LC50	Invertebrate Daphnia magna	LC50 – 26.1 ppm (48h)
triazine (78.5%)	EC ₅₀	Green Algae	No data available
	LC ₅₀	Fish Danio rerio	100 mg/l
Triazole	EC ₅₀	Daphnia magna (Water flea)	No data available
	EC/LC ₅₀	Algae	No data available

Toxicity: No data available.

Persistence and Degradability: No data available. **Bioaccumulative Potential:** No data available.

Mobility in Soil: No data available.

Other adverse effects: None anticipated.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions:

The generator of a waste is always responsible for making proper hazardous waste determinations and needs to consider state and local requirements in addition to federal regulations.

See Sections 7 and 8 for information on handling, storage and personal protection and Section 9 for physical/chemical properties. It is possible that the material as produced contains constituents which are not required to be listed in the SDS but could affect the hazardous waste determination. Additionally, use which results in chemical or physical change of this material could subject it to regulation as a hazardous waste.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT)

Shipping Description: Not regulated

Note: U.S. DOT compliance requirements may apply. See

49 CFR 171.22, & 23.

International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG)

Shipping Description: Not regulated

Note: U.S. DOT compliance requirements may apply. See

49 CFR 171.22, 23 & 25.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:

Not applicable.

International Civil Aviation Org. / International Air Transport Assoc. (ICAO/IATA)

UN/ID #: Not regulated

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Note:

U.S. DOT compliance requirements may apply. See 49 CFR 171.22, 23 & 24.

SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

USA:

United States Federal Regulations: This SDS complies with the OSHA, 29 CFR 1910.1200. The product is hazardous under OSHA.

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) – All substances in this product are listed, as required, on the TSCA inventory.

SARA Superfund and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III sections 302, 311,312 and 313:

Section 302 – No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List, 40 CFR 302.4: This product contains chemicals listed on CERCLA. None

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130): None

Clean Water Act Section 311 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 117.3): None

SARA Title III

Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance (40 CFR 355, Appendix A): None

Section 311/312 (40 CFR 370): Acute Health Hazard: Yes Chronic Health Hazard: Yes

Fire Hazard: No Pressure Hazard: No Reactivity Hazard: No

Section 313 Toxic Release Inventory (40 CFR 372):

None

STATE REGULATIONS:

This SDS contains specific health and safety data is applicable for state requirements. For details on your regulatory requirements you should contact the appropriate agency in your state.

California Proposition 65 (California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986: No components are listed on Prop 65.

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Massachusetts Right to Know: Chlorinated paraffin (as Chlorinated Paraffins (C12, 60% Chlorine) and Ethanolamine are listed on the Massachusetts Right to Know List.

Minnesota Hazardous Substance List: Chlorinated paraffin (as Paraffin oils, chloro) and Ethanolamine are listed on the Minnesota Hazardous Substance List.

New Jersey Right to Know: Chlorinated paraffin (as Polychlorinated alkanes) and Ethanolamine are listed on the New Jersey Right to Know list.

Pennsylvania Right to Know: Ethanolamine is listed on the Pennsylvania Right to Know List.

Rhode Island Hazardous Substance List: Ethanolamine is listed on the Rhode Island Hazardous Substance List.

Canada WHMIS Hazard Class: D2B - Toxic materials.

SECTION 16: Other Information

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To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However Parent Petroleum Inc. does not assume any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards which exist.

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